

KAYAK MERKEZİ



2019

ÇALDIRAN DİSTRİKT RAPORU





ÇALDIRAN DISTRICT REPORT

2019

Caldiran History:

The district has been home to many historical civilizations. Medes, Byzantines, Urartians, Iranians, and finally the Ottoman state continued to dominate this district. The most important place in the history of the district is the information that the Battle of Caldiran was held here. Many historians state that the war between the Ottoman Empire and the Safavid State took place in the Çaldıran Plain.

While Caldiran was previously an accident of Muradiye District, it was raised to the status of district with the law enacted in 1987.

Geographical Structure:

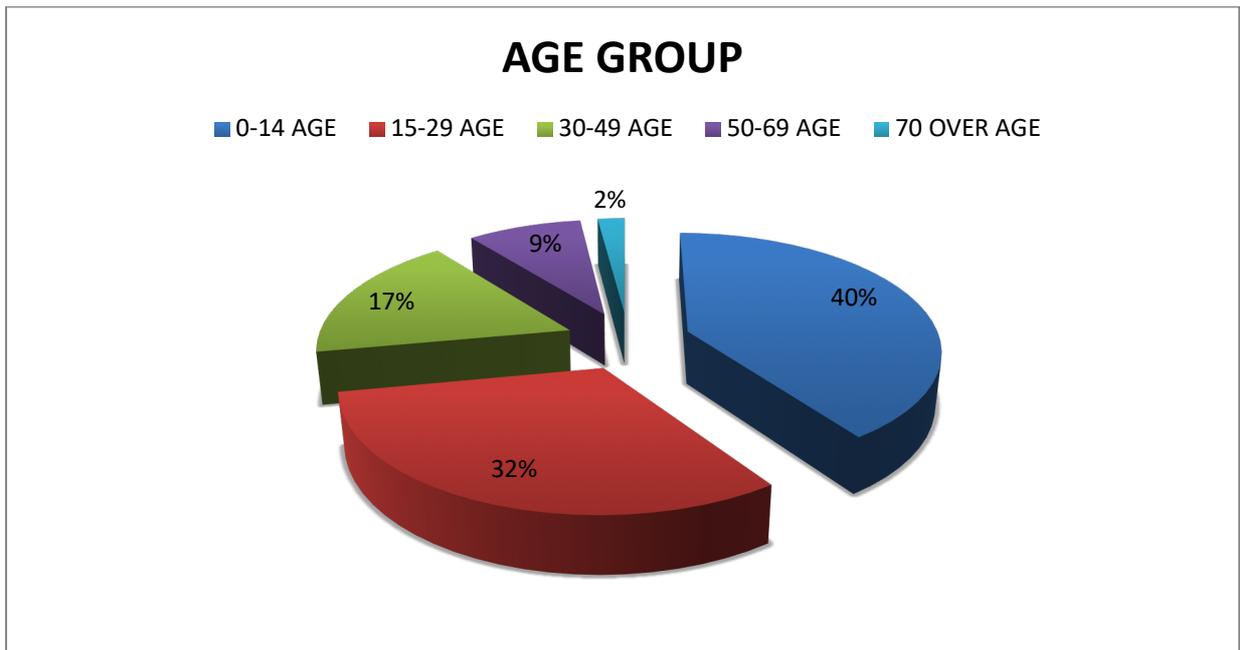
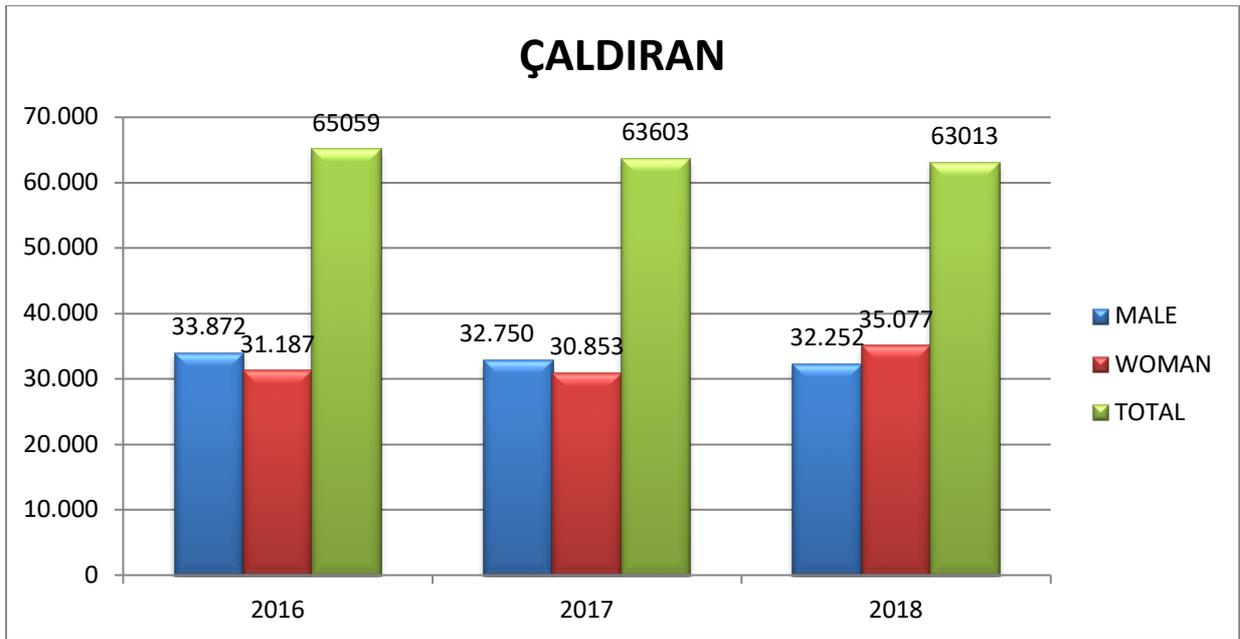
The area of Çaldıran district is 1742 km² and the altitude is 2050 meters and the district center was established in Çaldıran Plain. It is surrounded by Özalp, Doğu Beyazıt, Diyadin, Muradiye districts and Iran. E-99 highway passes through the district center. Bendimahı Stream, which is born from the district, passes through the middle of the district and flows into Lake Van. The distance of Çaldıran to Van is 110 km.

The main mountains in the district are Büyük Tendürek (3538 m), Küçük Tendürek (3298 m) in the north, Pirite Mountain (3019m) in the south, Damraz Mountain in the west (2690 m) and Elegan Mountain in the east.

The climate of the district is harsh continental climate. The winters are snowy, the summers are hot and dry. According to the meteorological data in Turkey it has experienced the coldest day in this county. (In 1990 with -47.3 degrees)

Population Structure:

According to the Address Based Population System, total population of Çaldıran district in 2018 was calculated as 63.013. Male population is 32,564 and female population is 30,449. 72% of the total population is under 30 years of age. Compared to 2017, the population of the district decreased.



Caldiran Training:

The literacy rate in Çaldıran is around 90%. Turkey is very close to the average rate of the county shows that high levels of education. There are 113 schools, 764 classrooms, 19.683 students and 726 teachers in the district. The number of students per classroom is 32 in primary, 27 in secondary and 30 in vocational and technical education.

Caldiran Tourism:

Caldiran is not very developed in terms of tourism. However, it has been tried to increase tourism potential with new projects. Finally, with the project carried out by the Eastern Anatolia Development Agency, Kaz Lake in the district has been added to tourism. This project will increase tourism revenues with the introduction of the district will be an important work in terms of.

Caldiran Economy:

Caldiran economy is based on animal husbandry. Industrial production is developing. The textile factories operating in the district recently have an important place in employment. In addition, small scale commercial activities are carried out. Agricultural production has not developed due to climatic conditions. The majority of the district's central population, where small-scale commercial activities are conducted, works in the service sector. The high population of the village shows that animal husbandry is done here. Both domestic and foreign animals are sold to the market.



Çaldıran Agriculture:

Çaldıran also did not develop due to agricultural climate conditions. The main agricultural products are wheat, barley and potatoes. Natural tomatoes produced in greenhouses heated by geothermal energy have been the main product of the district. In a project supported by the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock, the greenhouses heated by geothermal energy in the Ayrancılar region, falling to minus 46 degrees, are built on an area of 34 thousand square meters and 120 kilometers of pipes are laid and 25 women are employed.



Agricultural Area Use:

Total area	Field of Cereals and Other Crop Products	Fallow Area	Field of fruit, beverage and spice plants	Vegetable gardens area (decare)
234.673	133.062	101.499	32	80

The total agricultural area of the district is 234 thousand decares. Most of this total area is left fallow.

According to 2018 data;

Cereals and Other Herbal Products Production:

Name of the product	Planted Area (Decare)	Harvested Area (Decare)	Yield (Kg / Decare)	Production (Ton)
Wheat	51.810	51.810	167	8.665
Barley	3.962	3.962	173	687
Chickpeas	50	50	60	3
Potato	240	240	2.425	582
Clover	57.000	57.000	2.500	142.500
sainfoin	20.000	20.000	2.000	40.000

Vegetable Production:

Name of the product	Planted area (decare)	Production (tons)
Tomato	32	1.280

Fruit Production:

Name of the product	Planted area (decare)	Production (tons)
Total Fruit Production	80	0

In 2018, fruit production was not sufficient. Produced agricultural products are generally used in subsistence economy.

Caldiran Livestock:

Cattle	Number of sheep	Number of Goats	Milk Production
6.563	215.866	8.141	19.699

The vast majority of the population makes livelihood by livestock. Animal and animal products are sold to the domestic and foreign markets. The presence of pasture in the district is suitable for animal husbandry. The presence of wide rangeland is important for production. A large part of the Çaldıran plain is used as pasture and pasture.

There are a total of 215,866 sheep, 8,141 head goats and 6,563 bovine animals in the Çaldıran district. An average of 119,699 tons of milk is obtained annually from these animals. Total animal assets are around 8% of Van's total animal assets. Meat slaughtering is parallel to the presence of animals. Slaughtered animal meats are sent to facilities such as Meat and Fish Institution and Van meat. This provides a great benefit to the local people.

Featured in Çaldıran:

- ❖ Ovine and bovine potential,
- ❖ Wide range of pastures,
- ❖ Goose Lake opening to tourism,
- ❖ Establishment of land suitable for irrigated agriculture,
- ❖ Ringing development works,
- ❖ Intensification of covered agricultural activities
- ❖ Opening of textile factories

Çaldıran Investment Areas:

- ❖ All investments related to animal husbandry,
- ❖ Marketing of animal products,
- ❖ Agricultural investments,
- ❖ Tourism investments,
- ❖ Industrial and commercial investments,

Things to do to Çaldıran:

- ❖ To carry out the necessary studies for the protection of the ovine and bovine population and increasing the number of animals,
- ❖ Providing necessary support to animal producers,
- ❖ Opening of new agricultural lands and carrying out the necessary studies for the use of modern techniques in agriculture,

- ❖ Providing necessary support to agricultural producers,
- ❖ Providing the necessary economic contribution to merchants and tradesmen in the district,
- ❖ To carry out necessary studies to increase tourism potential,
- ❖ Opening of a small industrial site,
- ❖ Ensuring the opening of non-governmental organizations and taking necessary initiatives in this regard,
- ❖ To carry out the necessary works to prevent migration from the district.



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